
UM 3020 Panel Meter

for Analog Input Signals

Instruction Manual



ERMA

Electronic GmbH

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1. Description

The digital panel meter model **UM 3020** is an universal instrument for measuring analog input signals listed below:

- Voltage 0 - 10 V
- Current 0 - 20 mA / 4 - 20 mA

Standard hardware

- Three digital inputs
- Optocoupler, programmable as:
 - alarm contact
 - serial output

Standard software

- Scaling
- 9-Point-Linearization
- Filtering
- Peak Memory
- Free setting of decimal point
- Rounding last digit with 1,2,5 or 10 digit steps
- Display test

Release : June 2001
UM3020AE.PUB
Subjects to technical modifications

2. Safety instructions

This instrument is produced in accordance with Class II of IEC 348 and VDE 0411. When delivered the instrument has been tested to meet all functions described. Before installing the instrument please read the mounting and servicing instructions.

We have no liability or responsibility to customer or any other person or entity with respect to any liability, loss or damage caused or alleged to be caused directly or indirectly by equipment or software sold or furnished by us. Read the installation instruction carefully. No liability will be assumed for any damage caused by improper installation.

Inspect the instrument module carton for obvious damage. Be shure there are no shipping and handing damages on the module before processing. Do not apply power to the instrument if it has been damaged.

ERMA's warranty does not apply to defects resulting from action of the buyer, such as mishandling, improper interfacing, operation outside of design limits, improper repair or unauthorized modifications.

2.1. Explanation of symbols



Caution



Attention



Instruction



Hint

Caution:	Dangerous!
Attention:	Will cause damage
Instruction:	If not noticed, trouble may occur
Tip:	Useful hints for better operation

3. Mounting

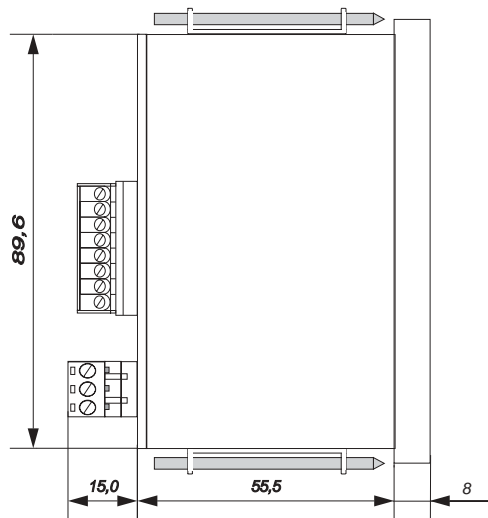
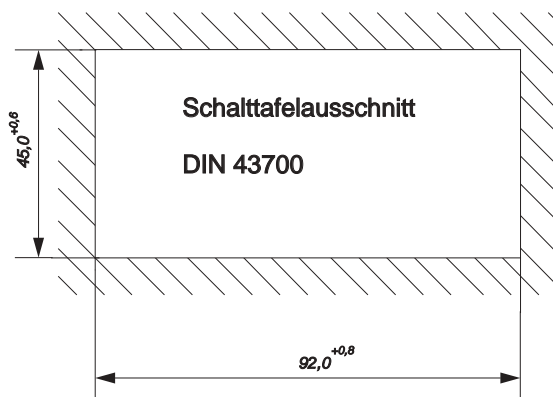
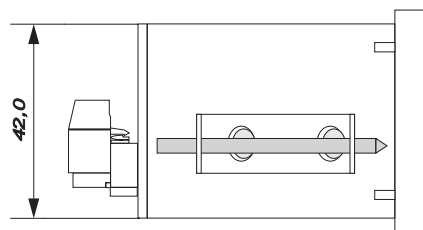
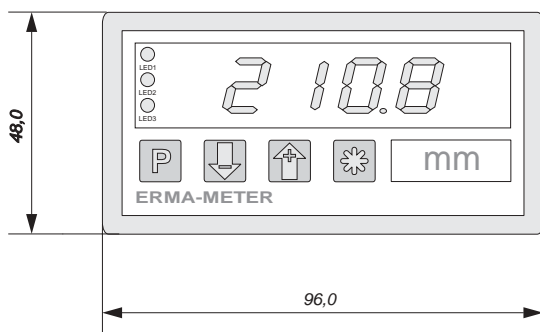
3.1. Place of operation

Attention must be paid to the protection against humidity, dust, high temperatures at the place of operation.

3.2. Panel mounting

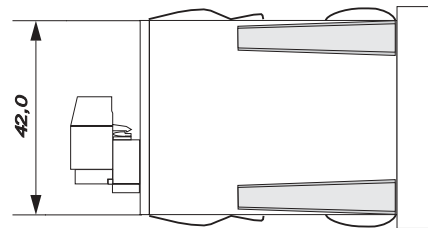
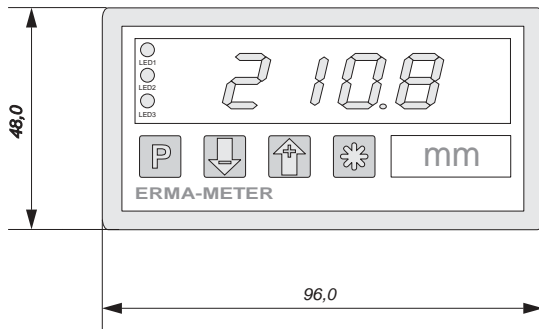
3.2.1. Panel for switch board

- For mounting in switch boards, insert the case into the panel cutout (according to DIN 43700: $92,0^{+0,8} \times 45,0^{+0,6}$ mm) from the front, using a fresh gasket for sealing as required. Click into and place at each side the two fastening clips (M2,5 x 50 mm).
- Tighten the screws alternately, using enough pressure to get good retention and sealing at the panel.

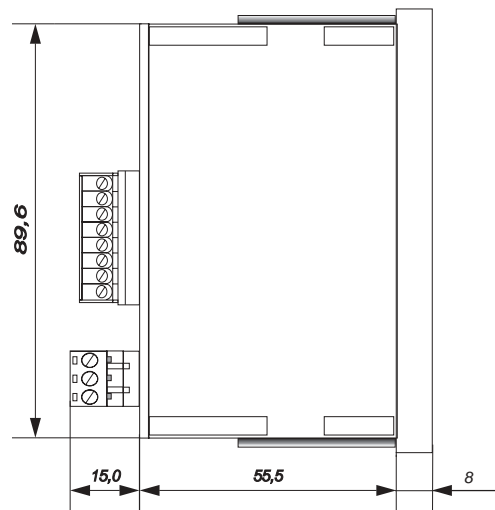


3.2.2. Panel for mosaic raster

- Insert the case into one of the following mosaic-systems:
 - a) Mosaic-system 8RU (M50x25) from Siemens
 - b) Mosaic-system from Subklev



Mosaiksystem:
Siemens 8RU (M50x25)
Subklev



4. *Electrical connections*

4.1. *General instructions*



- It is forbidden to plug or unplug connectors with voltage applied
- Attach input and output wires to the connectors only without voltages applied
- Cords must be provided with sleeves
- Attention must be paid that the power supply voltage applied will agree with voltage noticed at the name plate.
- The instrument has no power-on switch, so it will be in operation as soon as the power is connected.

4.2. *Hints against noisy environment*

All inputs and outputs are protected against noisy environment and high voltage spikes. Nevertheless the location should be selected to ensure that no capacitive or inductive interference can have an effect on the instrument or the connection lines.

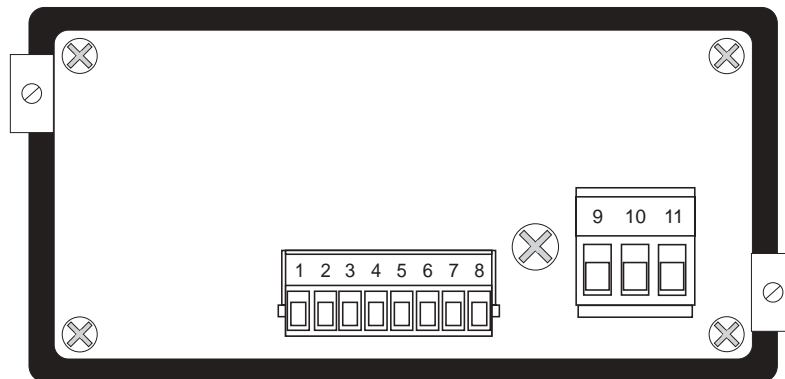
It is advisable:



- To use shielded cables.
- The wiring of shields and ground (0V) should be star-shaped.
- The distance to interference sources should be as long as possible. If necessary, protective screen or metal enclosures must be provided.
- Coils of relays must be supplied with filters.
- Parallel wiring of input signals and AC power lines should be avoided.

4.3. Connection and pin assignment

All inputs and outputs are connectors designed as plug-in screw terminals.

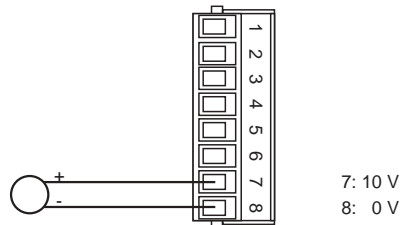


Pin assignment:

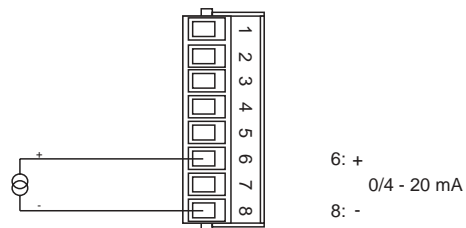
01	optocoupler output (emitter)	09	ground
02	optocoupler output (collector)	10	supply voltage (-)
03	digital input 1 / display test	11	supply voltage (+)
04	digital input 2 / display the alarm value		
05	digital input 3 / reset the peak value memory		
06	signal input current		
07	signal input voltage		
08	signal ground		

4.4. Connection of input signals

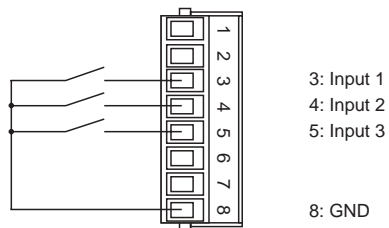
4.4.1. Input voltage 0 - 10 V



4.4.2. Input current 0 - 20 mA, 4 - 20 mA



4.5. Digital inputs



Digital input 1

- active => connecting screw terminal 3 to 8
- connecting to ground, low active

Digital input 2

- active => connecting screw terminal 4 to 8
- connecting to ground, low active

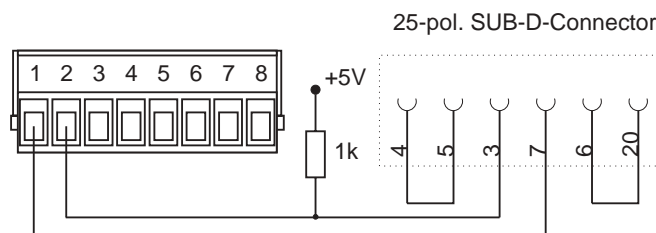
4. Electrical connections

Digital input 3

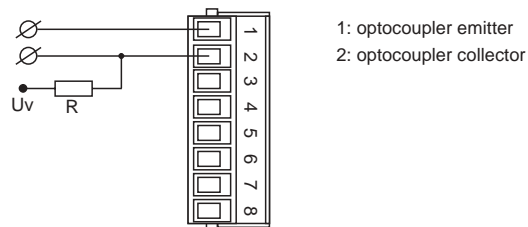
- active => connecting screw terminal 5 to 8
- connecting to ground, low active

4.6. Connection of the optocoupler

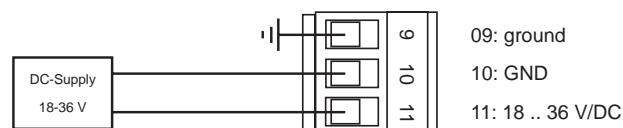
4.6.1. Connection to a RS 232 - Interface



4.6.2. Connection as alarm output



4.7. Connection of power supply voltage



5. Start-Up



Attention must be paid that the power supply voltage applied will agree with the voltage noticed at the name plate.

Switch the power supply on (supply voltage applied to 10 (-) and 11 (+)).

When delivered, the instrument is programmed with a standard configuration (default configuration). According to his measuring task, the customer can change the standard configuration by programming.

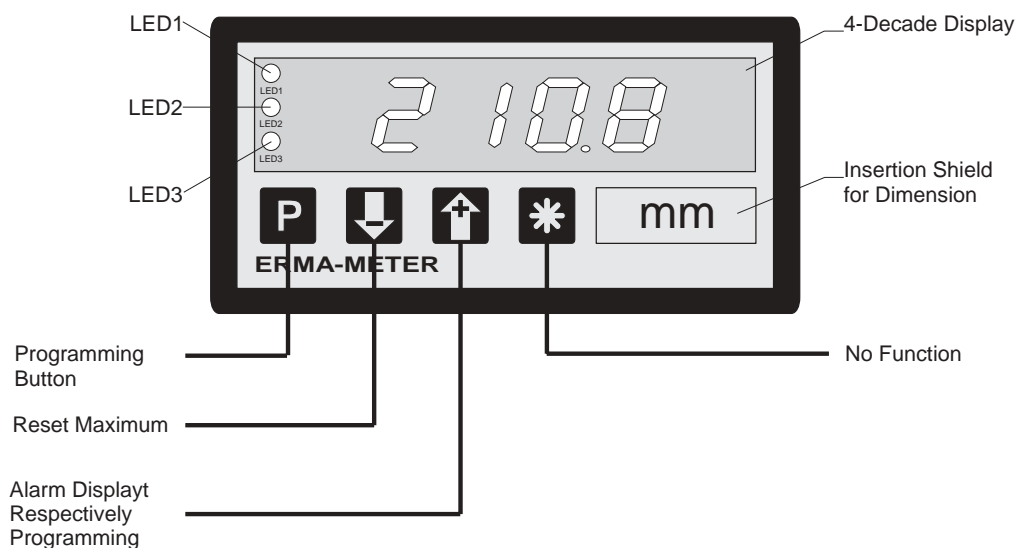


Attention: When the instrument is built-in a machine and the customer wants to change the configuration, attention must be paid, that no damage will occur to the machine!

6. Procedure of programming

The procedure of programming is organized in different steps and can be carried out via the push buttons on the front of the instrument.

6.1. Function of push buttons and LEDs



LED1	LED2	LED3	Description
dark			Alarm not activated
lights			Alarm activated
		dark	Normal measuring mode
		green	Max value is displayed
		green/flashes	Programming mode is activated
lights		green/flashes	Alarm value can be edited

6.2. Programming

The operation and the programming of the panel meter is organized in several programming levels. Programming is performed by the buttons on the front.

Push Button	Pressing
screw terminal 3 "P"-button	selection of - programming level - parameter
screw terminal 4 "+"-button	increase of - programming level - number of parameter - parameter
screw terminal 5 "-"-button	decrease of - programming level - number of parameter - parameter

Activating the programming routine

- Press "P"-button together with "+"-button
- The display shows "P-00"

Leaving the programming routine

- Press “+”-button or “-”-button until the display shows “PEnd”
- Confirm the display “PEnd” by pressing “P”-button
- Return to normal measuring

Selection of a programming level

- Selecting a programming level by pressing the “+”-button or “-”-button
- Confirm the selected programming level by pressing the “P”-button
- The display shows the parameter number of the selected programming level
e.g.: “0-00” => Parameter 0 of programming level 0
e.g.: ”1-00” => Parameter 0 of programming level 1

Leaving a programming level

- Press “+”-button or “-”-button until the display shows “xEnd”
e.g.: “0End” =>leaving programming level 0
e.g.: “1End” =>leaving programming level 1
- Confirm the display “xEnd” by pressing “P”-button
- The display shows the programming level
e.g. “P-00” => programming level 0
e.g. ”P-01” => programming level 1

Selection of a parameter

- Selection the parameter by pressing “+”-button or “-”-button
- Confirm the parameter by pressing “P”-button
- The display shows the last programmed value of the selected parameter

Change and confirm a selected parameter

- Change the parameter by pressing the “+”-button or “-”-button
- Confirm the parameter by pressing “P”-button
- The display shows the programming level and the number of the parameter
e.g.: “0-05” => Parameter 5 of programming level 0
e.g.: ”1-08” => Parameter 8 of programming level 1

6.3. Summary of the programming level

The parameters of the panel meter are organized in different programming levels.

P-00: Programming level for general configuration of the panel meter

The function of the panel meter configuration is used to adapt the sensor and the panel meter.

P-01: Programming level for 9 point linearization

It is possible to carry out a linearization with maximum 9 points.

P-02: Programming level for further functions

The maximum value detection can be activated in this programming level.

P-03: Programming level for the alarm configuration

All settings for the alarm can be changed in this programming level.

6.4. Programming level for configuration P-00

Param.	Description	Range	Default Value
0-00	Input range 0 -> Voltage 0 to 10 V 1 -> Current 0 to 20 mA 2 -> Current 4 to 20 mA	0 .. 2	0
0-01	Display value of min. input signal	-999 .. +9999	0
0-02	Display value of max. input signal	-999 .. +9999	+2000
0-03	Decimal point 0 -> XXXX 1 -> XXX.X 2 -> XX.XX 3 -> X.XXX	0 .. 3	0
0-04	Configuration of digit 1 0 -> Display in steps of 1 1 -> Display in steps of 2 2 -> Display in steps of 5 3 -> Display in steps of 10	0 .. 3	0
0-05	Filtering 0 -> No filtering X -> Number of filtering cycles	0 .. 99	0
0-06	Brightness of the display 0 -> Brightness 50 % 1 -> Brightness 100 %	0 .. 1	1
0-07	Number of linearization points	0 .. 9	0
0-08	Configuration of the optocoupler 0 -> optocoupler deactivated 1 -> optocoupler as serial output 2 -> optocoupler as alarm	0 .. 1	0
0-09	Reserve: no function	-	-
0End	Leaving programming level P-00		

6.4.1. Scaling the display range

The overflow or underflow becomes active if the displayed value is greater or smaller than more as 5-10 % of the programmed display range (parameter 0-01 and 0-02).

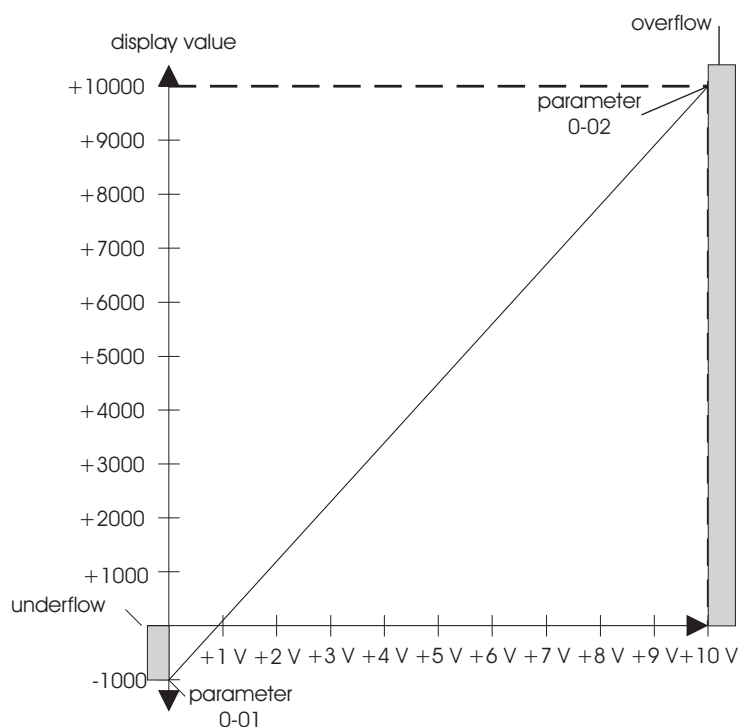
- When **overflow** is active the display shows “nnnn”
- When **underflow** is active the display shows “uuuu”

The assignment of the display range to the minimal and maximal input signal is done by programming the parameter 0-01 and 0-02.

Example:

Input range: 0 to +10 V, Display range : -999 bis +9999

Step	Param.	Range
1.	0-01	-999
2.	0-02	+9999
3.	0End	End



6.5. Programming level for linearization P-01

Param.	Description	Range	Default Value
1-00	Linearization point 1 Input value	-999 .. +9999	
1-01	Linearization point 1 Output value	-999 .. +9999	
1-02	Linearization point 2 Input value	-999 .. +9999	
1-03	Linearization point 2 Output value	-999 .. +9999	
1-04	Linearization point 3 Input value	-999 .. +9999	
1-05	Linearization point 3 Output value	-999 .. +9999	
1-06	Linearization point 4 Input value	-999 .. +9999	
1-07	Linearization point 4 Output value	-999 .. +9999	
1-08	Linearization point 5 Input value	-999 .. +9999	
1-09	Linearization point 5 Output value	-999 .. +9999	
1-10	Linearization point 6 Input value	-999 .. +9999	
1-11	Linearization point 6 Output value	-999 .. +9999	
1-12	Linearization point 7 Input value	-999 .. +9999	
1-13	Linearization point 7 Output value	-999 .. +9999	

Param.	Description	Range	Default Value
1-14	Linearization point 8 Input value	-999 .. +9999	
1-15	Linearization point 8 Output value	-999 .. +9999	
1-16	Linearization point 9 Input value	-999 .. +9999	
1-17	Linearization point 9 Output value	-999 .. +9999	
1End	Leave programming level P-01		

Performing a linearization

- Insert the number of linearization points (Parameter 0-07)
- Two values must be programmed for each point, the input value and the corresponding output value



The insert of the linearization point **must be done** in increasing sequence. That means **the lowest input value must be programmed in parameter 1-00**.



The editing of the output values **is allowed only** in the programmed display range (parameter 0-01 and 0-02).

6.6. Programming level for further functions P-02

Param.	Description	Range	Default Value
2-00	Data source of display 0 -> Direct input value 1 -> Maximum value	0 .. 1	0
2-01	Reserve: no function		
2-02	Reserve: no function		
2-03	Reserve: no function		
2-04	Reserve: no function		
2-05	Reserve: no function		
2-06	Reserve: no function		
2-07	Reserve: no function		
2-08	Reserve: no function		
2-09	Reserve: no function		
2End	Leave programming level P-02		

Function

When activating “display of maximum value” (parameter 2-00 = 1) LED 3 is lighting green. The displayed value can be restted by pressing button “-” or activating input channel (screw terminal 5) at the rear.

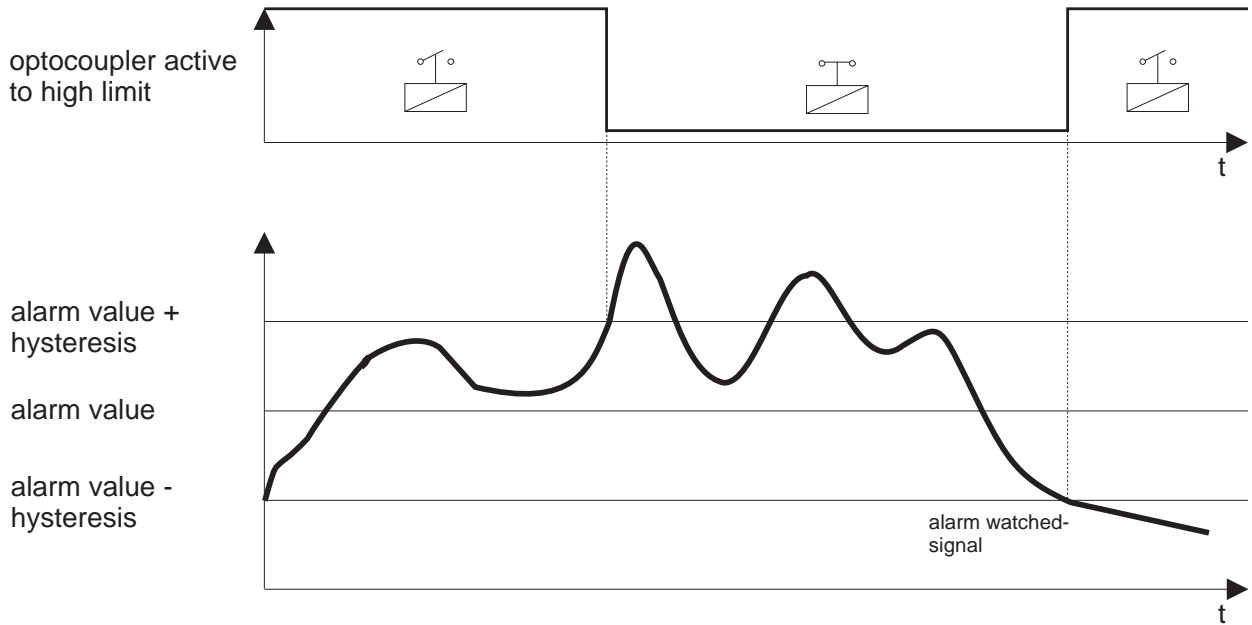
6.7. Programming level of alarm P-03

Param.	Description	Range	Default Value
3-00	Configuration of alarm 0 -> optocoupler as alarm off 1 -> optocoupler active by high limit 2 -> optocoupler active by low limit	0 .. 2	0
3-01	Alarm value	-999 .. 9999	0
3-02	Alarm hysteresis	0 .. 99	0
3-03	Reserve: no function		
3-04	Reserve: no function		
3-05	Reserve: no function		
3-06	Reserve: no function		
3-07	Reserve: no function		
3-08	Reserve: no function		
3-09	Reserve: no function		
3End	Leaving programming level P-03		

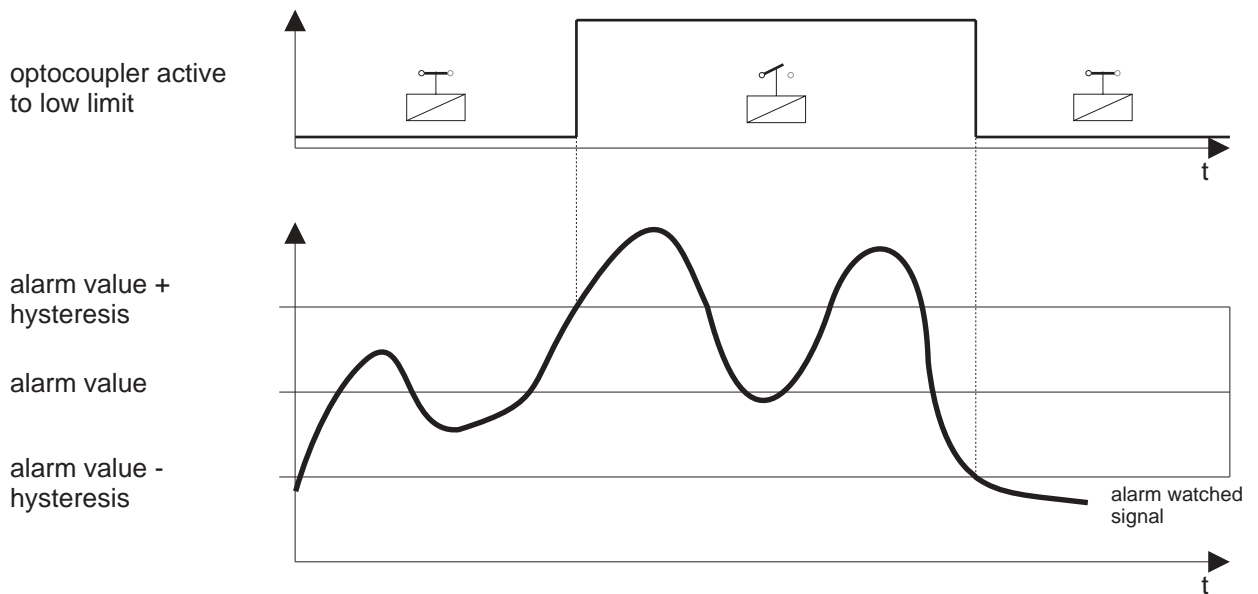
Displaying or fast-programming of the alarm value

The actual alarm value can be displayed by pressing push button "+". When pressing the push button for more than 3 seconds the instrument will enter into the programming mode for the alarm value. The entering into the programming mode is displayed by the LED 3 (green flashing). The alarm value can be changed by pressing "+" or "-" buttons. The edition will be ended by pressing button "P".

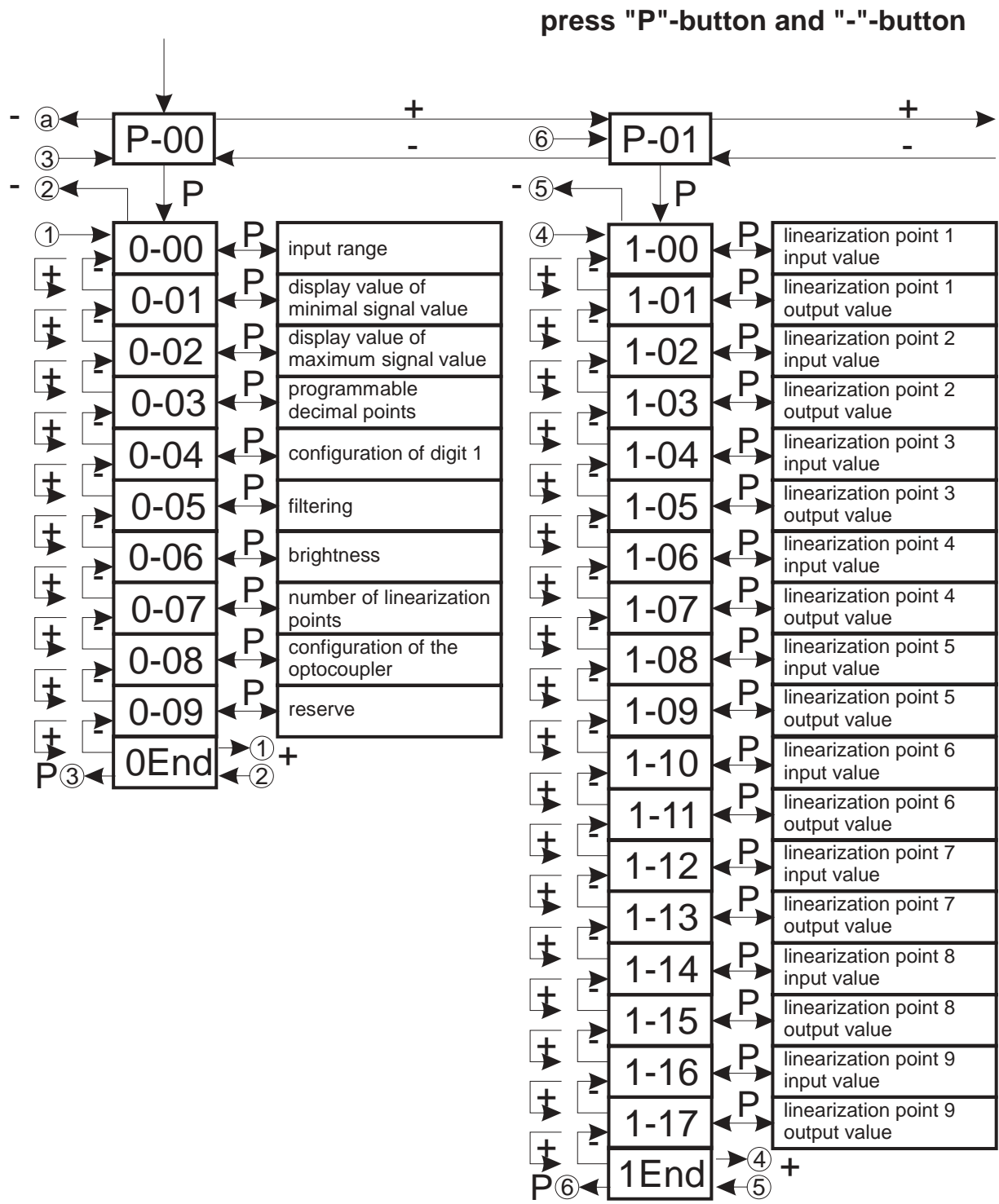
6.7.1. Alarm high setpoint



6.7.2. Alarm low setpoint



6.8. Programming quick reference



7. Software functions

7.1. Filtering

The panel meter include a programmable single pole digital filter. The filter is used to smooth analog input data in noisy environments.

Digital filtering is performed by forming the average of input signals. By a special algorithm it is provided that a smooth filtering will be achieved.

$$\text{time constant} = \frac{\text{number of measurements}}{\text{conversions rate}}$$

If the input signal is a step function, 99,3 % of the final measurement value will be reached within 5 time constants.

7.2. Peak memory

The panel meter include a maximum memory.

Show maximum value:

- Programming parameter 2-00 on 1

Resetting the maximum value:

- By activating the digital input 3, connecting screw terminal 5 and 8
- By leaving the programming mode

7.3. Display of alarm value

If the optocoupler is configured as alarm contact (Parameter 0-08 on 2), the alarm value can be displayed.

Display the alarm value:

- Pressing push button “+”.
- By activating the digital input 2, connecting screw terminal 4 and 8

7.4. Display test

When activating the display test all segments of the display are light on. The display shows “8.8.8.8.”

Activating the display test:

- Pressing push button “P”
- By activating the digital input 1, connecting screw terminal 3 and 8

7.5. Serial output

The optocoupler output of the panel meter can be configured as serial output (Parameter 0-08 on 1). This output can be used for transmitting a measuring value to a peripheral unit. A cyclic transmission is done by each measurement.

Activating the serial output:

- Programming Parameter 0-08 on 1

Telegram

S or X, X, X, (DP), X, 0D_H, 0A_H

S = sign of the measured value (-)

X = measured value (numeral)

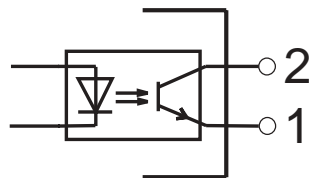
DP = decimal point (dependent on programming)

Tip: positive values will be transmitted with 4 numerals, negative values will be transmitted with 3 numerals and “-” sign.

Transfer Characteristic:

- 9600 baud
- 1 start bit
- 8 data bits
- 1 stop bit
- no parity
- 0DH, 0AH => CR, LF for end of data transfer

Serial Optocoupled Output



Screw terminal 2: optocoupler (collector)

Screw terminal 1: optocoupler (emitter)

8. Technical Specifications

Input ranges

voltage	: 0 to 10 V, $\pm 0,1$ %, ± 1 digit
impedance	: 1 M Ω
current	: 0/4 to 20 mA, $\pm 0,1$ %, ± 1 digit
impedance	: 10 Ω

Conversion rate

: 5 measurements/s

Digital inputs

: 10 k Ω pull-up +5 V

Low-level

: < 0,4 V

High-level

: > 3,5 V, max. 30 V

Display

: 4 decades, 14 mm, red

optional

: green

Power supply

: 18 to 36 V DC (isolated)

power consumption

: max. 65 mA (red display)

: max. 75 mA (green display)

optional

: 12 V DC, ± 10 % (isolated)

: 5 V DC, ± 10 % (isolated)

Serial output

: optocoupler output

9600 baud, 1, 8, N,1

Alarm contact

: optocoupler

Collector-Emitter-range

: max. 10 mA, 70 V, max. 150 mW

Case

: 96 x 48 x 60 mm

depth

: < 72 mm (incl plug-in screw terminal)

protection case, at the front

: IP 40

protection case, connection

: IP 20

EMV

: in conform with 89/336/EWG

Operating temperature

: 0 to 50 °C

9. Ordering Information

UM 3020 -					
					Case 0 Panel mounting 1 Panel-clip
					Front becel color 0 Black
					Front design 0 Without front foil 1 Front foil ERMA-METER 2 Front foil NEUTRAL
					Display color 0 Red 1 Reserved
					Power supply 0 5 V DC, ± 10 % (isolated) 1 12 V DC, ± 10 % (isolated) 2 18 to 36 V DC (isolated)

10. Notices

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